

SUPPORTING PUPILS AT SCHOOL WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS & ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICINE POLICY

SUPPORTING PUPILS AT SCHOOL WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

1. Purpose

- 1. 1.1 The Children and Families Act 2014 places a duty on the Governing Body and Senior Leadership Team to make arrangements for supporting pupils at the school with medical conditions. Pupils with medical conditions cannot be denied admission or excluded from school on medical grounds alone unless accepting a child in school would be detrimental to the health of that child or others.
- 2. 1.2 The aim of this document is to ensure that all children with medical conditions, in terms of both physical and mental health, are properly supported in school so that they can play a full and active role and achieve their potential.

2. Scope of the Procedure

- 1. 2.1 The procedure applies to all employees.
- 2. 2.2 This procedure should be read in conjunction with the relevant statutory guidance; Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions, DfE which provides greater detail regarding notification and individual healthcare plans which a school should make available to all sports coaches visiting their school
- 3. 2.3 All staff will be expected to have an awareness of those children with medical conditions and how to respond in an emergency, if staff are in doubt they should call 999 and ensure the pupil is not left unattended. This policy will form part of the schools induction arrangements.

3. Roles and Responsibilities

- 1. 3.1 Supporting a child with a medical condition during school hours is not the sole responsibility of one person. Collaborative working arrangements and working in partnership will ensure that the needs of pupils with medical conditions are met effectively.
- 2. 3.2 The governing body will ensure that the school develops and implements a policy for supporting pupils with medical conditions. It will ensure that suitable accommodation for the care of pupils with medical conditions is available. It will ensure that sufficient staff have received suitable training and are competent before they take on the responsibility to support children with medical conditions. It will ensure that the appropriate level of insurance is in place to cover staff providing support to pupils with medical conditions.
- 3. 3.3 The Headteacher will ensure that the school's policy is developed and effectively implemented with us as partners. S/he will ensure that all staff are aware of the policy and understand their role in its implementation. S/he will make sure that sufficient numbers of staff are available to implement the policy and deliver against all Individual Healthcare Plans, including in emergency and contingency situations. The Headteacher has the overall responsibility for the development of Individual Healthcare Plans. S/he will make sure that school staff and visiting sports coaches from In2Sport are appropriately insured and are aware

that they are insured to support pupils in this way. The Headteacher will contact the school nursing service in the case of any child who has a medical condition that may require support at school.

4. 3.4 School staff may not ask In2Sport staff to provide support to pupils with medical conditions, including the administering of medicines and intimate care unless in a life threatening emergency like asthma, CPR or requiring an epipen and trained to do so. Although administering medicines is not part of teachers' professional duties, they should take into account the needs of pupils with medical conditions that they teach. Any member of staff should know what to do and respond accordingly when they become aware that a pupil with a medical condition needs help. Training will be provided to all staff. A pupil taken by ambulance to hospital will be accompanied by a member of staff who will stay with the child until a parent or carer arrives.

Appropriately trained staff (those trained by a member of the medical profession) can use EpiPens and defibrillators, administer injections, dispense prescribed oral medicines and apply splints and topical medicine and other medical support covered for example within a First Aid certificate or where appropriate training has been provided. All medication must be administered as prescribed by a medical professional.

- 5. 3.5 School nurses are responsible for notifying the school when a child has been identified as having a medical condition which will require support at school. School nurses may support staff on implementing a child's Individual Healthcare Plan and provide training, advice, and liaison.
- 6. 3.6 Other healthcare professionals, including GPs and paediatricians notify the school nurse when a child has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support at school. They may provide advice on developing healthcare plans.
- 7. 3.7 Pupils will be fully involved in discussions about their medical support needs and will contribute as much as possible to the development of their individual healthcare plan since they know best how their condition affects them. Other pupils in the school will be encouraged to be sensitive to the needs of those with medical conditions.
- 8. 3.8 Parents/carers will provide the school with up-to-date information about their child's medical needs. They will be involved in the development and review of their child's individual healthcare plan. They will carry out any action they have agreed to as part of its implementation and ensure they or another nominated adult are contactable at all times. Where possible parents/carers should be encouraged to request that medication is prescribed in dose frequencies which enable it to be taken outside of school hours. Where possible parents/carers should be encouraged to support their child in learning for example to self catheterise, monitor own blood sugar levels, administer their own insulin. This is not an exhaustive list.
- 9. 3.9 Local authorities should work with schools to support pupils with medical conditions to attend full time.
- 10. 3.10Health services can provide valuable support, information, advice and guidance to schools and their staff to support children with medical conditions at school.
- 11.3.11 Clinical commissioning groups (CCGs) should ensure that commissioning is responsive to children's needs and that health services are able to co-operate with schools supporting children with medical conditions.

12.3.12 Ofsted - Inspectors consider the needs of pupils with chronic or long term medical conditions and also those of disabled children and pupils with SEN. The school will demonstrate that the policy dealing with medical needs is implemented effectively.

4. Staff training and support

- 4.1 Any member of In2Sport that requires to provide support to a pupil with medical needs will receive suitable training. Staff must not give prescription medicines or undertake healthcare procedures without appropriate training. Staff must not send a child who becomes ill to the school office or medical room unaccompanied or with another child.
- 2. 4.2 Pupils competent in managing their own health needs will be allowed to carry their own medicines and devices if that does not pose a risk to other pupils. Younger pupils or those not deemed competent to manage their own health needs should know where their medicines and relevant devices are.
- 3. 4.3 Healthcare professionals, including the school nurse can provide confirmation of the proficiency of staff in a medical procedure, or in providing medication.
- 4. 4.4 The school will make arrangements for whole school awareness training so that all staff, including new staff, are aware of the school's policy for supporting pupils with medical conditions and their role in implementing that policy. This training will include preventative and emergency measures so that staff can recognise and act quickly when a problem occurs. Parents can also contribute by providing specific advice.
- 5. 4.5 Our public Liability cover explicitly provides insurance for appropriately trained staff (those trained by a member of the medical profession) to use EpiPens, defibrillators, injections, application of appliances such as splints. All such medication must be administered as prescribed by a medical professional. In other situations staff are covered provided they have followed the Care Plan in place and have had relevant training.

ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICINE

If a child attending IN2SPORT requires medication of any kind, their parent or carer must complete a **Permission to administer medicine** form in advance. Staff at the Club will not administer any medication without such prior written consent and will ONLY be able to allow children that can self administer emergency medication (e.g. inhalers and Epipen)

Ideally children should take their medication before arriving at the Club. If this is not possible, children will be encouraged to take personal responsibility for their medication, if appropriate. If children carry their own medication (eg asthma inhalers), the Club staff will offer to keep the medication safe until it is required. Inhalers must be labelled with the child's name.

Prescription medication

IN2SPORT staff will only administer life saving emergency medication like an inhaler or epipen that has been prescribed by a doctor and will not administer ANY other medication outside of emergency medication. All medication provided must have the prescription sticker attached which includes the child's name, the date, the type of medicine and the dosage.

Parents will need to administer any other medication outside of emergency medication before leaving child or during lunchtime or when the child requires it:

- prescribed medication (e.g. antibiotics)
- non-prescription medication (e.g. Calpol)
- controlled medication (e.g. Ritalin)

Non-prescription medication

Procedure for administering medication

A designated staff member will be responsible for administering medication or for witnessing self-administration by the child. The designated person will record receipt of the medication on a **Medication Log**, will check that the medication is properly labelled, and will ensure that it is stored securely during the session.

Before any medication is given, the designated person will:

- Check that the Club has received written consent
- Ask another member of staff to witness that the correct dosage is given (inhaler or epipen only)

When the medication has been administered, the designated person must:

- Record all relevant details on the Record of Medication Given form.
- Ask the child's parent or carer to sign the form to acknowledge that the medication has been given.

When the medication is returned to the child's parent or carer, the designated person will record this on the **Medication Log**.

If a child refuses to take their medication, staff will not force them to do so. The manager and the child's parent or carer will be notified, and the incident recorded on the **Record of Medication Given**.

Specialist training

Certain medications require specialist training before use, eg Epi Pens. If a child requires such medication the manager will arrange appropriate training as soon as possible. It may be necessary to absent the child until such training has been undertaken. Where specialist training is required, only appropriately trained staff may administer the medication.

Changes to medication

A child's parent or carer must complete a new **Permission to Administer Medication** form if there are any changes to a child's medication (including change of dosage or frequency).

Long term conditions

If a child suffers from a long term medical condition the Club will ask the child's parents to provide a medical care plan from their doctor, to clarify exactly what the symptoms and treatment are so that the Club has a clear statement of the child's medical requirements and complete a risk assessment with the parent/carer and sign to say it is correct and sufficient.

Written in accordance with the Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage (2017): Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements: Health [3.45-3.46]